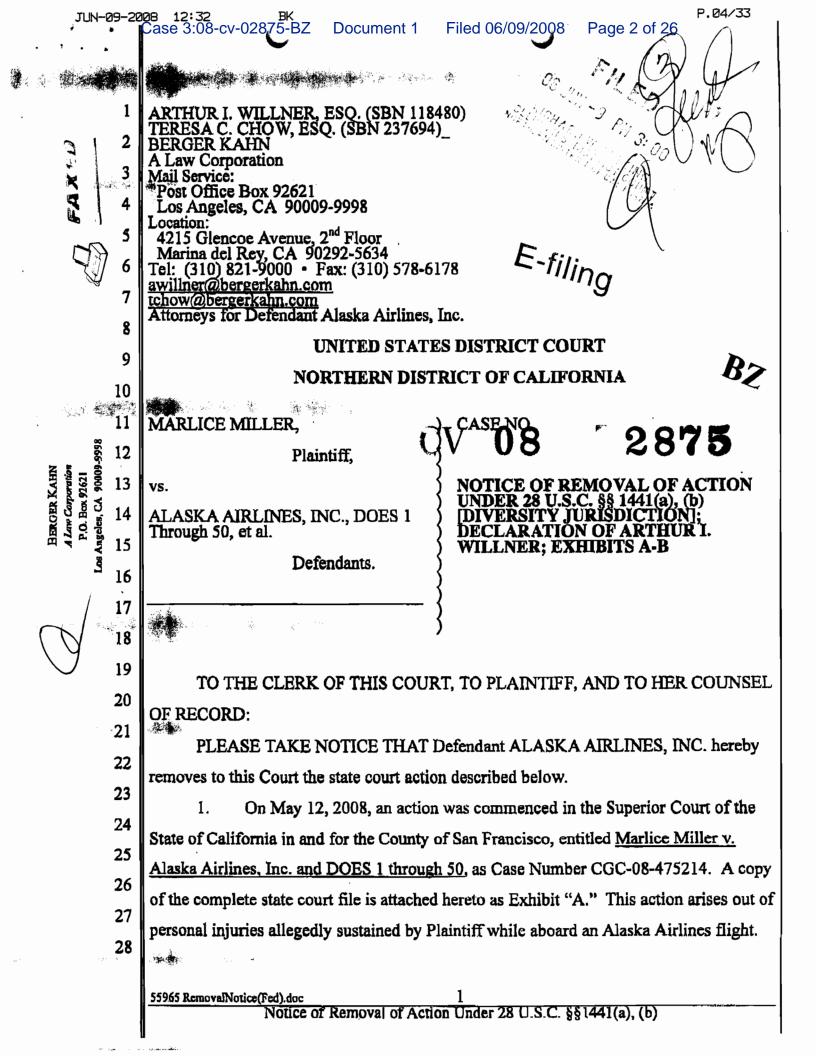
Filed 06/09/2008

S IS 44 (Rav. 12/07) (cand rev 1-16-08)

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleatings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil decket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON PAGE TWO OF THE FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS	TROCTIONS ON FAULT	WO OF THE PORCE	4./	DEFENDAN	ITS					
MARLICE MILLER				ALASKA A		s, inc	•	B	Z	A_{I}
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	ne, Address, and Telephone	Number)		Attorneys (If Kn	owb)		sa C. Chow, Esq. ()		E-,	fil:
Larry E. Cook, Esq. CASPER, MEADOWS, S	CHWARTZ & COOK			Arthur I. Wil	iner, Esq AHN A	J Tere: Law Cr	sa C. Chow, Esq. ()	118480 / 1	237694)	ורווי
2121 North California Blv	vd., Suite 1020; Walnut (Creek, CA 94596	i	4551 Glencos	c Avenue	s, Suite	300, Marina del R	cy, CA 🤄	0292	•
Tcl. 925 947-1147; Fax 92	25 947-1131		_	Tel. 310 821-	9000; F:	ıx 310	775-87 7 5; Email: :	awillner@	bergerk:	ahn.com
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2.	This action is a civil action of which this Court has original jurisdiction
under 28 U.S	S.C. §1332(a), and is one which may be removed to this Court by Defendant
Alaska Airlii	nes, Inc. pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1441(a) and (b), in that it is a civil action
between citiz	zens of different states, and the amount in controversy exceeds the sum of
\$75,000, exc	lusive of interest and costs.

- 3. The first date upon which Defendant Alaska Airlines, Inc. received a copy of the Complaint was May 15, 2008, when it was served with the Summons and Complaint. Alaska Airlines filed and served its Answer in the Superior Court on June 4, 2008. Accordingly, this removal petition is timely filed pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. §1446(b).
- 4. Complete diversity of citizenship exists in that Plaintiff Marlice Miller is a citizen of the State of California; and Defendant Alaska Airlines, Inc. was at the time the state court action was filed and is a corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of Alaska and having its principal place of business in the State of Washington, and is the only defendant that has been served with the Summons and Complaint in this action.
- 5. Although the Complaint, in accordance with California Code of Civil Procedure §425.10(b), is silent as to the amount of damages sought by Plaintiff, it is facially apparent from the Complaint that the claim exceeds \$75,000. The Complaint alleges that this action arises out of an accident on May 15, 2006 involving an Alaska Airlines flight from Palm Springs to San Francisco, that either just before or after the landing in San Francisco the passenger cabin filled with smoke, that the crew ordered an emergency evacuation on the runway in San Francisco, that Plaintiff and her children escaped through an over-wing emergency exit, and that Plaintiff was injured when she "dropped" from the wing to the pavement. The Complaint further alleges that Plaintiff sustained a serious back injury requiring surgery, that she has incurred substantial medical expenses, and that she was unable to work for an extended period of time due to her injuries.

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Furthermore, prior to filing this action, Plaintiff's counsel advised Defendant's insurance carrier in writing that, as of March 31, 2008, Plaintiff had incurred close to \$150,000 in medical bills, with estimated future medical bills of an additional \$100,000. Plaintiff's counsel further advised that Plaintiff had been diagnosed with a collapsed disc, for which she underwent an anterior discectomy and fusion on March 9, 2007. Plaintiff's counsel also stated that Defendant's potential exposure exceeds \$2,500,000. (A true and correct copy of Plaintiff's counsel's correspondence of March 31, 2007 is attached hereto as Exhibit "B.") Under these circumstances, it is indisputable that the amount in controversy exceeds the jurisdictional minimum of this Court.

6. Accordingly, Defendant Alaska Airlines, Inc. respectfully requests that the action now pending against it in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of San Francisco, be removed to this Court and that the action be placed on the docket of this Court for further proceedings as though originally instituted in this Court.

DATED: June 9, 2008

BERGER KAHN A Law Corporation

ARTHI

TERESAC, CHOW

Attorneys for Defendant ALASKA AIRLINES, INC.

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DECLARATION OF ARTHUR I. WILLNER

Filed 06/09/2008

I, Arthur I. Willner, declare:

- I am an attorney at law duly licensed to practice before all the courts of the 1. State of California, and the United States District Court for the Northern District of California. I am a principal in the law firm of Berger Kahn, counsel of record for Defendant Alaska Airlines, Inc. in this matter. I am the attorney primarily responsible for the defense of this action. If called upon to testify, I could competently do so of my personal knowledge, as follows.
- Attached as Exhibit "A" is a true and complete copy of the file of the Superior Court of the State of California, County of San Francisco, entitled Marlice Miller v. Alaska Airlines, Inc. and DOES 1 through 50, Case Number CGC-08-475214.
- 3. Attached as Exhibit "B" is a true and complete copy of correspondence, dated March 31, 2008, from Plaintiff's counsel Richard A. Madsen, Jr., Esq. to Tara Palmer of AIG Aviation, Alaska Airlines' insurance carrier.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California and the United States that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on June 9, 2008 at Marina del Rey, California.

Arthur I. Willier

Los Angeles, CA 90009-9998 P.O. Box 92621

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Los Angeles, CA 90009-999

A Law Corporation P.O. Box 92621 AFFIDAVIT AND DECLARATION OF PROOF OF SERVICE BY MAIL (Code Civ. Proc. §§ 1013a(3) and 2015.5)

STATE OF CALIFORNIA) ss.

I, the undersigned, am employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action.

I am employed by Berger Kahn, A Law Corporation, whose business address is: 4215 Glencoe Avenue, 2nd Floor, Marina del Rey, California 90292 (the "firm").

On June 9, 2008, I served the foregoing document(s) described as NOTICE OF REMOVAL OF ACTION UNDER 28 U.S.C. §1441(a), (b) on the interested parties in this action by placing the original X true copy(ies) thereof, enclosed in sealed envelope(s) with postage thereon fully prepaid and by causing such envelope(s) to be deposited in the mail at 4215 Glencoe Avenue, 2nd Floor, Marina del Rey, California 90292, addressed as follows:

Larry E. Cook, Esq. Casper, Meadows, Schwartz & Cook 2121 North California Boulevard, Ste. 1020 Walnut Creek, California 94596 (925) 947-1147 (925) 947-1131

I am readily familiar with the firm's practice of collecting and processing correspondence for mailing with the United States Postal Service: it is deposited with the United States Postal Service on that same day in the ordinary course of business. I am aware that on motion of a party served, service is presumed invalid if the postal cancellation date or postal meter date on the envelope is more than one day after the date of deposit for mailing contained in this affidavit.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct.

Executed on June 9, 2008, at Marina del Rey, California.

Sandra Murunga SANDRA ALVARENGA

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EXHIBIT A

8. I declare while penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Date: Thu, May. 15, 2008

Judicial Code II Form POS-910 Rule 2.150(a)&(b) Rev January 1, 2007 SUMMONS & COMPLAINT

(PHIL GEIVAS)

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Other employment (15)	Other judicial review (39)					
2. This case Is Is not complex under rule 3.400 of the California Rules of Court. If the case is complex, mark the factors requiring exceptional judicial management: a. Large number of separately represented parties Large number of witnesses						
b. Exensive motion practice raising di		th related actions pending in one or more courts				
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c. Suistantial amount of documentary		tjudgment judicial supervision				
3. Remedies sought (check all that apply): a. [4. Number of causes of action (specify): Three		eclaratory or injunctive relief c, punitive .				
5. This case in is is is not a class	action suit.					
6. If there are any known related cases, file and	serve a notice of related case. (You m	ay,use form CM-015.)				
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Plaintiff must file this cover sheet with the firs under the Probate Code, Family Code, or We	NOTICE t paper filed in the action or proceeding					
in sanction(s). • file this cover sheet in addition to any cover (e). • If this case (ii) complex under rule 3.400 et se other parties to the action or proceeding.	q. of the California Rules of Court, you					
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Larry E. Cook (State Bar No. 122776)
CASPER, MEADOWS, SCHWARTZ & COOK
A Professional Corporation
California Plaza
2121 North California Blvd., Suite 1020
Walnut Creek, California 94596
Telephone: (925) 947-1147

(925) 947-1131

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GERBON FARK-LI, Clerk

BILLING INC.

WANAGEMENT CONFERENCE SET

Attorneys for Plaintiff Marilce Miller

Facsimile:

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IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO UNLIMITED JURISDICTION

MARLICE MILLER,

Case MOG C - 08 - 47 5 2 1 4

Plaintiff,

Defendants.

COMPLAINT

VS.

Aircraft Accident; Personal Injuries

ALASKA AIRLINES, INC. DOES 1
Through 50, at 1, 1

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Caeper, Meadows Schwartz & Cook 2121 N. Cellionie Bive., Surie 1020 Weinel Cook, CA 34526 Tell (925) 047-1147 PLAINTIFF, MARLICE MILLER, COMES BEFORE THIS HONORABLE COURT, AND ALLEGES:

- 1. Defendant Alaska Airlines, Inc. is an Alaska Corporation doing business in the State of California. It has not designated any County as its principal place of business in this State and therefore may be sued in any County.
- 2. The events which precipitated this action occurred, in part, at the San Francisco International Airport, a facility owned and operated by the City and County of San Francisco.
- 3. Plaintiffs are Ignorant of the true names and capacities of those defendants named as DOES 1 through 50. Plaintiffs will amend this complaint to

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state the true names and capacitles of such defendants when they have been
ascertained. Each fictitiously-named defendant contributed to the acts and omission
alleged in this complaint, and caused plaintiff to suffer damages as alleged. Each
reference in this complaint to "defendant," "defendants," or to a specifically-name
defendant, refers also to DOES 1 through 50.

- 4. At all times mentioned in this complaint, each defendant, including each DOE defendant, was the agent, employee, and servant of each of their codefendants, acting in the course and scope of said agency or employment pursuant to the direction and control of each co-defendant, with each co-defendant's knowledge, consent, and approval. Each defendant and co-defendant has ratifled the acts of its co-defendants.
- 5. At all times mentioned in this complaint, the actions and failures to act by personnel employed by Alaska Airlines on Flight 579 which landed at San Francisco International Airport on May 15, 2006 occurred within the course and scope of these individuals' employment with Alaska Airlines.
- 6. Alaska Airlines is therefore liable for any actionable conduct by these employees under the doctrine of respondent superior.
- 7. On May 15, 2006, Alaska Airlines operated Flight 579, a MD-80 aircraft, from Palm Springs to San Francisco.
- 8. Plaintiff Marlice Miller was a passenger on that flight with her two minor children.
- 9. Slightly before or just after the MD-80 aircraft landed at San Francisco International Airport, members of the crew and passengers noticed the presence of smoke in the cabin.
- 10. On information and belief, Plaintiff alleges that the source of the smoke was a broken oil line on the aircraft.
- 11. After the aircraft stopped on the runway, Alaska Airlines crew members directed passengers, including Marlice Miller and her children, to evacuate the

aircraft.

- 12. The Alaska Airlines crew members, however, falled to inform Plaintiff Marilce Miller or her children of the proper method of evacuation.
- 13. Plaintiff Martice Miller and her children were seated near the right overwing emergency exit. Alaska Airlines crew members failed to assist Plaintiff or other passengers in her location on how to safely navigate the exit and descend to the ground.
- 14. No Alaska Airlines crew members stationed themselves at the exits, on the wing or on the ground under the wing to assist passengers to make a safe exit.
- 15. Evacuating passengers who used the over-wing emergency exists were required to jump to the ground from the wing. There were no ramps, slides or chutes or Alaska Airline personnel to assist passengers to safely drop from the wing to the ground.
- 16. After Plaintiff Martice Miller assured herself that her children were safely on the ground, she dropped from the wing to the pavement. When she hit the ground, her knees buckled and she collapsed onto the tarmac.
- 17. While Plaintiff Marlice Miller waited on the tarmac for buses to take her and her children to the terminal, no Alaska Airlines employee made any effort to render medical assistance to her.
- 18. As a result of Plaintiff Marilce Miller's emergency evacuation from the Alaska Airlines aircraft and her drop from the aircraft's wing to the tarmac, Ms. Miller sustained a severe, painful and debilitating injury to her back. The injury caused her constant and persistent pain; severely limited her occupational and social activities and required extended treatment and surgery. She has incurred substantial medical expenses and was unable to pursue her occupation for an extended period of time.

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CASPER, MEADOWS SCHWARTZ & COOK 2121 N. Chiliamie Bud, 5-JRO 1020 Weinus Creek, CA 84396 TEL: (225) 847-1147 FAX (828) 847-1131

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION Against Defendant Alaska Airlines Negligence - Breach Of Duty As Common Carrier

- 19. Plaintiff incorporates the allegations of paragraphs 1 through 18 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 20. At all times relevant, Defendant Alaska Airlines was a common carrier as defined in California Civil Code §§ 2100 and 2168 and therefore was required by law to use the utmost care and diligence for the safe carriage of its passengers and was further required to provide everything necessary for that purpose, and must exercise to that end a reasonable degree of skill.
- 21. In its conduct, including its action and inaction alleged in this complaint.

 Alaska Airlines failed to use utmost care and diligence and thereby breached its duty to Plaintiff Marlice Miller.
- 22. As a proximate result of the failure of an oil line, passengers, including Plaintiff, were forced to evacuate the aircraft through emergency exits. As heretofore alleged, Plaintiff was further required to drop from the right wing of the aircraft onto the ground.
- 23. As heretofore alleged, Plaintiff sustained a severe back injury when she struck the ground after dropping from the wing, unassisted by any crew members.

WHEREFORE, PLAINTIFF PRAYS FOR RELIEF AS HEREAFTER SET FORTH:

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION Against Defendant Alaska Airlines Failure to Operate Airworthy Aircraft 14 CFR § 91.7

- 24. Plaintiff incorporates the allegations of paragraphs 1 through 18 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 25. At all times relevant, pursuant to the regulations of the United States Federal Aviation Administration, specifically Regulation 14 CFR 91.7, Alaska Airlines

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and the pilot of Flight 579 were required to operate an airworthy aircraft, i.e., an aircraft that was in condition for safe operation.

- On information and belief, Plaintiff alleges that Alaska Airlines, acting 26. through its employees, violated 14 CFR § 91.7 by operating Flight 579 on May 15, 2006 when the aircraft was not in a condition for safe operation.
- 27. On information and belief, Plaintiff alleges that Alaska Airlines operated the aircraft with a defective oil line which ruptured just prior or after Flight 579 landed at San Francisco International Airport.
- As a proximate result of the failure of an oil line, passengers, including 28. Plaintiff, were forced to evacuate the aircraft through emergency exits. As heretofore alleged, Plaintiff was further required to drop from the right wing of the aircraft onto the ground.
- 29. As heretofore alleged, Plaintiff sustained a severe back injury when she struck the ground after dropping from the wing, unassisted by any crew members.

WHEREFORE, PLAINTIFF PRAYS FOR RELIEF AS HEREAFTER SET FORTH:

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION Against Defendant Alaska Airlines Operation Of Aircraft in Careless Or Reckless Manner 14 CFR §

- Plaintiff incorporates the allegations of paragraphs 1 through 29 of this 30. complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 31. At all times relevant, pursuant to the regulations of the United States Federal Aviation Administration, specifically Regulation 14 CFR 91.13, Alaska Airlines was forbidden from operating its MD-80 aircraft on Flight 579 on May 15, 2006 from Palm Springs to San Francisco, California in a careless or reckless manner.
- 32. Alaska Airlines violated that regulation by operating Flight 579 on May 15, 2006 in a careless or reckless manner which posed a grave threat of serious bodily injury or death to the passengers, including Plaintiff Marlice Miller.

Plaintiff alleges, on information and belief, that as a result of the

As a proximate result of the failure of an oil line, all passengers,

Acting in a careless or reckless manner, in violation of 14 CFR 91.13,

As heretofore alleged, Plaintiff sustained a severe back injury when she

WHEREFORE, PLAINTIFF PRAYS FOR RELIEF AS HEREAFTER SET

4) For such other and further relief as the court may deem reasonable and just.

carelessness of Alaska Airlines and its employees, in violation of 14 CFR § 91.13, the

MD-80 aircraft on which Plaintiff was a passenger sustained a broken oil line, causing

smoke to enter the passenger cabin, posing a grave threat to passengers, including

Alaşka Airlines' personnel failed to station themselves at the exits, on the wing or on

the ground under the wing to assist passengers to make a safe exit. When PlaintIff

struck the ground after dropping from the wing, unassisted by any crew members.

Plaintiff Marlice Miller, and resulting in a forced evacuation of the aircraft.

hit the ground, her knees buckled and she collapsed onto the tarmac.

1) For general damages according to proof;

2) For special damages according to proof;

3) For prejudgment interest according to proof; and

including Plaintiff, were forced to evacuate the aircraft through emergency exits.

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CASPER, MEADOWS
SCHWARTZ & COOK
2721 N. Gellforus Bivo
Suits 1020
Veltus Crail, CA. 94251

Dated: May 12, 2008

Larry E. Cook

Casper, Meadows, Schwartz & Cook

Attorneys for Plaintiff

Martice Miller

Miller v. Alaska Alrines Complaint

damaged in any amount or sums whatsoever, or at all.

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wer To Plaintiff's Complaint

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Los Angeles, CA 90009-9998 A Low Corporation P.O. Box 92621 13 14

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For its affirmative defenses, Defendant alleges as follows:

FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Failure to State a Claim)

The Complaint, and each purported cause of action contained therein, fails 2. to state a claim against this answering Defendant upon which relief can be granted.

SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Speculative and/or Uncertain Damages)

Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Plaintiff's 3. damages, if any, are speculative and/or uncertain and therefore not compensable.

THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Failure to Mitigate)

Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the Complaint 4. and each purported cause of action contained therein are barred because Plaintiff failed to mitigate her damages.

FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Comparative Negligence)

5. Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the damages to Plaintiff, if any, were directly caused in full or in part by Plaintiff's negligence, carelessness, and/or recklessness, or that of a third party, for which this answering Defendant bears no responsibility, and/or which comparatively reduces the percentage of negligence, fault and/or liability, if any, of this answering Defendant.

FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Lack of Causation)

6. Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the damages to Plaintiff, if any, were the result of superceding or intervening causes arising from acts or omissions of parties which this answering Defendant neither controlled nor had the right to control.

55965 Answer

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SIXTH AFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Federal Preemption)

7. The state law causes of action contained in the Complaint are barred because Plaintiff's claims are preempted by federal law, including but not limited to the Airline Deregulation Act, and the Federal Aviation Act and the Federal Aviation Regulations promulgated thereto.

SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Contract of Carriage)

8. The Complaint, and each cause of action alleged therein, is barred by the terms and conditions of the contract of carriage that were incorporated in Plaintiff's airline tickets.

WHEREEFORE, Defendant prays for relief as follows:

- That Plaintiff take nothing pursuant to her Complaint, that judgment be 1. entered in favor of answering Defendant and against Plaintiff, and that the Complaint be dismissed with prejudice;
 - 2. For costs of suit incurred herein;
 - 3. For any reasonable attorneys' fees allowed by law; and
 - 4. For further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

DATED: June 4, 2008

BERGER KAHN A Law Corporation

Attorneys for Defendant ALASKA

AIRLINES, INC.

Los Angeles, CA 90009-9998 P.O. Box 92621

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AFFIDAVIT AND DECLARATION OF PROOF OF SERVICE BY MAIL

(Code Civ. Proc. §§ 1013a(3) and 2015.5)

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Los Angeles, CA 90009-9998 13 14

A Law Corporation P.O. Box 92621

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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

I, the undersigned, am employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action.

I am employed by Berger Kahn, A Law Corporation, whose business address is: 4215 Glencoe Avenue, 2nd Floor, Marina del Rey, California 90292 (the "firm").

On June 4, 2008, I served the foregoing document(s) described as DEFENDANT ALASKA AIRLINES, INC.'S ANSWER TO PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT on the interested parties in this action by placing the original x true copy(ies)

thereof, enclosed in scaled envelope(s) with postage thereon fully prepaid and by causing such envelope(s) to be deposited in the mail at 4215 Glencoe Avenue, 2nd Floor, Marina del Rey, California 90292, addressed as follows:

Larry E. Cook, Esq. Casper, Meadows, Schwartz & Cook

2121 North California Boulevard, Ste. 1020

Walnut Creek, California 94596 (925) 947-1147

(925) 947-1131

I am readily familiar with the firm's practice of collecting and processing correspondence for mailing with the United States Postal Service: it is deposited with the United States Postal Service on that same day in the ordinary course of business. I am aware that on motion of a party served, service is presumed invalid if the postal cancellation date or postal meter date on the envelope is more than one day after the date of deposit for mailing contained in this affidavit.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct.

Executed on June 4, 2008, at Marina del Rey, California.

5596**5** A<u>nswer</u>

MADSEN & WOLCH, L.L.P.

Richard A. Madsen, Jr. Joseph H. Wolch Pamela L. Marraccini Sarah B. Orr 2055 North Broadway, Suite 100 Walnut Creek, California 94596 telephone: (925) 974-0800 facsimile: (925) 974-0808 e-mail: MWLLP@aol.com

March 31, 2008

Tara Palmer AIG Aviation 1175 Peachtree Street N.E., Suite 1000 Atlanta, GA 30361

Privileged and Confidential Pursuant to Evidence Code §1152 and §1154

Re:

Our Client

Marlice Miller

Your Insured:

Alaska Airlines

Claim No:

0006691-1

Date of Incident

5/15/06

Dear Ms. Palmer:

Our law firm represents Marlice Miller regarding her injuries and claims against your insured, Alaska Airlines. On May 15, 2006, the Alaska Airlines flight on which Ms. Miller was a passenger experienced extreme technical difficulties requiring an emergency landing and evacuation of the aircraft which resulted in severe personal injuries to Ms. Miller.

We set forth herein a statement of the facts of Ms. Miller's injuries, the basis for your client's liability and an itemization of Ms. Miller's recoverable damages.

As all content in this document is presented as part of a settlement communication, such content is privileged pursuant to California Evidence Code Sections 1152 and 1154. The results of our investigation remain our attorney work product, and no disclosure herein constitutes a waiver of such doctrine or any other privilege. We are providing you with this information as openly as possible to promote a settlement of this case. Our analysis of this matter is summarized as follows.

I. STATEMENT OF THE FACTS

On May 15, 2006, Ms. Miller, , along with her two minor children, were passengers on Alaska Airlines flight 579 from Palm Springs to San Francisco, California. Just prior to landing at San Francisco International Airport, the cabin began to fill with smoke. The aircraft made an emergency landing and the flight crew advised the passengers that they must make an immediate emergency exit.



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After ordering the emergency evacuation, the Alaska Airlines flight crew provided no instruction to passengers with respect to the proper evacuation procedure other than to use their nearest emergency exit. Ms. Miller and her children were seated near the right overwing emergency exit. No assistance was provided to passengers seated around the overwing exits on how to safely navigate the emergency exit and descend to the ground. No airline personnel were stationed at the over-wing exits, either in the plane or on the ground, to assist passengers in making a safe exit. Ms. Miller and her children were forced to exit the plane extremely rapidly as the cabin had filled with thick black smoke. Ms. Miller's foot got caught as she attempted to exit from the cabin onto the wing. Once she had freed herself and exited the plane onto the wing, Ms. Miller was horrified to discover that there were no slides, ramps, steps or airline personnel to assist the passengers in making the over seven foot drop from the edge of the wing to the ground. Ms. Miller, after assuring her children were on the ground, sat on the wing, slid down to the edge and then dropped over seven feet to the ground below. Ms. Miller's knees buckled and she collapsed upon impact with the tarmac.

After gathering herself, Ms. Miller's first priority was to ensure that her children were safe and out of harms way. Ms. Miller and her family were left to stand on the tarmac for over half an hour before any assistance was rendered. Thereafter, busses arrived to take the passengers to the terminal. During the time Ms. Miller and her children were left on the tarmac, no Alaska Airlines personnel made any efforts to render medical or other assistance, nor was any information provided regarding the cause of the emergency evacuation or what measures were being taken to assist the passengers now stranded in the middle of the tarmac.

After Ms. Miller was finally taken to a gate and given instructions by Alaska Airlines on retrieving her families' belongings, several hours had elapsed. Ms. Miller returned to her home in San Ramon with her then fiancé and children. That night, Ms. Miller experienced anxiety and nervousness which prevented her from sleeping. The following morning Ms. Miller began to experience lower back and neck pain. Over the next few days the pain increased to the point where she had significant difficulty moving. Ms. Miller immediately sought medical treatment from her primary care physician, Dr. Dolores K. Musco on May 18, 2006. Ms. Miller was given pain medication and advised to return in one week if symptoms did not resolve.

When Ms. Miller's symptoms did not resolve, she returned to Dr. Musco who diagnosed her with lumbago and prescribed Vicodin, Flexaril and administered Torodol shots. The treatment with Dr. Musco continued for several weeks. Eventually, Dr. Musco referred Ms. Miller to physical therapy and to Dr. Rovner, the spine specialist she had seen in 2005 for removal of bone spurs. Dr. Rovner originally diagnosed Ms. Miller with soft tissue injuries resulting from the emergency evacuation. He found that she had not aggravated the prior

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surgical sight and had not developed any new symptoms related to her 2005 bone spur problem. Dr. Rovner recommended a conservative course of treatment including hot/cold packs and pain medication believing that her symptoms would resolve over time. Upon the advice of Dr. Musco and Dr. Rovner, Ms. Miller began attending physical therapy in November, 2006.

Over the next several months, Ms. Miller attempted to follow her doctors' advice and allow the injury to resolve on its own. During that time, Ms. Miller was in the process of completing her training to become an esthetician. Due to her extreme back pain she was not able to sit for more than twenty minutes at a time. Despite the delays caused by her limitations, Ms. Miller was eventually able to complete her course work and obtain her license. However, due to her extreme pain she was unable to open her own practice as she had been planning. Also during that time period, Ms. Miller had her long planned wedding to Kent Miller. Due to her constant and persistent back pain, Ms. Miller had to ingest significant amounts of pain medication to make it through the ceremony and reception. She was unable to dance at her wedding and was anxious for the party to conclude due to her extreme pain. Her back pain was so severe that she and her new husband were not able to take a honeymoon as she was unable to travel.

When Ms. Miller's back pain did not resolve after nearly seven months, she sought treatment from Dr. Narloch, a pain management specialist. He diagnosed her with heterotopic ossification and lumbosacral radiculopathy and ordered bone scans and additional Cat Scans to determine the appropriate course of treatment. Thereafter, he ordered a facet joint injection. Following this diagnosis, Ms. Miller returned to Dr. Rovner to consult on her treatment options, including spinal fusion. In February, 2007, Dr. Rovner diagnosed Ms. Miller with spondylosis at L5-S1 and L4-5 and facet arthopathy at L5-S1. He prescribed facet block injections to assist in further diagnosis and pain management.

After nearly ten months with little to no improvement, Ms. Miller was experiencing debilitating pain. She was unable to sit or stand for any duration and was limited to light work and walking less than two blocks. In February, 2007, Ms. Miller sought a second opinion from Dr. Hieu Ball. Dr. Ball diagnosed Ms. Miller with a collapsed disc and recommended an anterior discectomy and fusion which was performed on March 9, 2007. While the results of the surgery have been beneficial to date, Ms. Miller is still recovering and the extent of her permanent limitations is not yet known.

As a result of the injuries caused by the emergency exit from Alaska Airlines flight 579, Ms. Miller has suffered a severe spinal injury requiring surgical intervention and nearly two years of debilitating pain which has limited her ability to engage in normal daily activities and has had a negative effect on her career and family life. Prior to her injuries, Ms. Miller was physically active and highly involved in her families' life. Her injuries have forced her

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to give up the vast majority of physical activities she previously enjoyed. The large amounts of narcotic pain medications and the lengthy recovery from her spinal surgery have prevented Ms. Miller from participating in the family life she previously cherished. Liability in this case rests squarely with your insured. The evidence is clear and incontrovertible and we are confident a jury will see it that way as well.

II. LIABILITY

This case involves a claim for personal injury arising out of the negligent operations of Alaska Airlines with respect to the emergency landing and evacuation of flight 579 on May 15, 2006. Liability against your insured is clear. Ms. Miller was a passenger on Alaska Airlines, a common carrier, when she was forced to abandon the aircraft due to a maintenance failure. California Civil Code §2100, requires common carriers to "use the utmost care and diligence for [passengers] safe carriage, must provide everything necessary for that purpose, and must exercise to that end a reasonable degree of skill." Alaska Airlines clearly failed to adhere to its required duty by pushing a defective aircraft into. service and failing to safeguard its passengers' safety during the emergency evacuation.

III. Ms. MILLER'S RECOVERABLE DAMAGES

A breakdown of Ms. Miller's recoverable damages, by category and type, is itemized below:

Past and Future Medical Bills and Medication Bills:

As a result of Alaska Airlines undeniable negligence, Ms. Miller endured excruciating pain and the life long limitations of her resulting spinal surgery. Copies of Ms. Miller's medical records are attached hereto as "Exhibit A." Ms. Miller has incurred approximately \$147,597.34 in medical bills to date. (See composite "Exhibit B.") Accent Health Care has a \$58,461.95 (through June, 2007) lien for medical care provided to Ms. Miller as a result of her injuries. (See "Exhibit C.") This lien will increase as current treatment is added.

Per your request, I attach hereto as "Exhibit D" copies of Ms. Miller's medical records relating to her 2005 spinal surgery, which clearly evidence a complete recovery prior to May 15, 2006.

Ms. Miller continues to suffer significant pain and emotional distress as a result of the accident. While it is unknown at this time the extent of further medical treatment Ms. Miller will require, it is estimated that future medical bills and medications will exceed \$100,000.00.

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2. General Damages for PHYSICAL Pain:

Ms. Miller suffered severe physical pain from this ordeal. As stated above, Ms. Miller endured nearly a year of debilitating pain prior to her spinal surgery which itself left her in so much pain she was forced to take Oxyconten. Ms. Miller's pain was so severe and debilitating that she experienced significant depression as a result.

3. General Damages for EMOTIONAL Anguish:

As discussed above, Ms. Miller experienced significant emotional anguish as a result of the emergency evacuation. Ms. Miller suffered both the trauma associated with the emergency exit and the emotional anguish associated with the debilitating pain of her resulting injury. Ms. Miller has also suffered significant mental anguish while she was forced to watch helplessly as the plane filled with smoke, unable to protect her children as they fled the plane unassisted via the precarious over-wing exit.

Total Exposure: Greater than \$2.5 million dollars.

IV. CONCLUSION

Due to Ms. Miller's serious personal injuries and invasive medical treatment, we view this as a matter of substantial liability against your insured. My firm is prepared to immediately initiate litigation if necessary. As a courtesy, however, my client is willing to discuss resolution of her claims provided that negotiations are realistic and productive. I look forward to hearing from you after you have reviewed the enclosed materials.

Very truly yours,

MADSEN & WOLCH, L.L.P.

Richard A. Madsen, Jr.

Attorney for Marlice Miller